FRANCE – LATIN AMERICA/CARIBEANS

Scientific impact of the program PREFALC (2002-2018)

MESRI-DAEI / MEAE

2021

http://www.enseignementsup-recherche.gouv.fr



GENERAL PRESENTATION OF THE PROGRAM

Creation: 2003

The purpose of this program is to develop exchanges and training opportunities between higher education institutions from France and Latin-America and/or Caribbean countries (LAC) and develop projects at master level

Survey conducted from 2002 to 2017

Total budget from 2007 to 2017 : (France) : around 110 000 € / year

>> including budget from MESRI : around 100 000 \clubsuit / year

>> including budget from MEAE : around 10 000 \pounds / year

Average budget per project : around 14 000 € / year

Number of new funded projects per year : around 7 to 8

Period : 2007, 2009 and 2011 to 2017 : 119 applications submitted 80 projects funded



DATA SOURCES

Fondation Maison des Sciences de l'Homme (2007-2017)

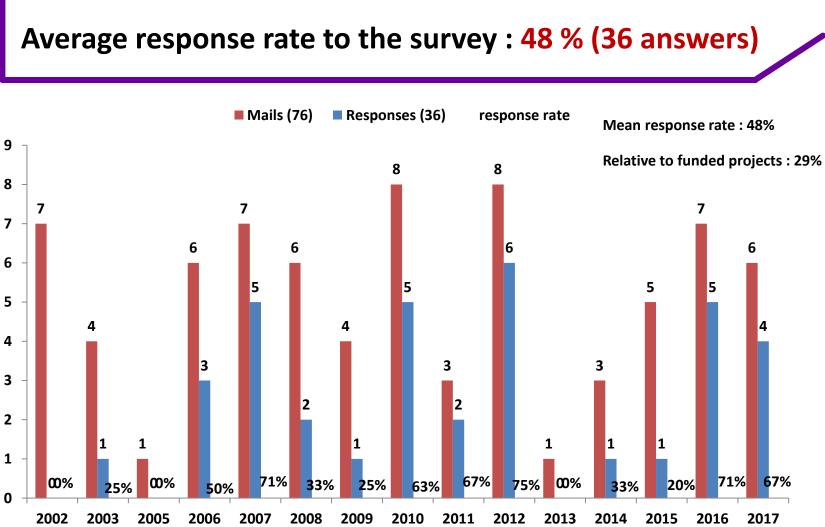
Information about the PREFALC applications

Survey (2002-2018)

- Target : French Principal Investigators of selected projects between 2002 and 2018
- Survey duration :11 weeks between February and May 2020
- **48%** response ratio (36 respondents for 75 queries)



ANSWERS TO THE SURVEY



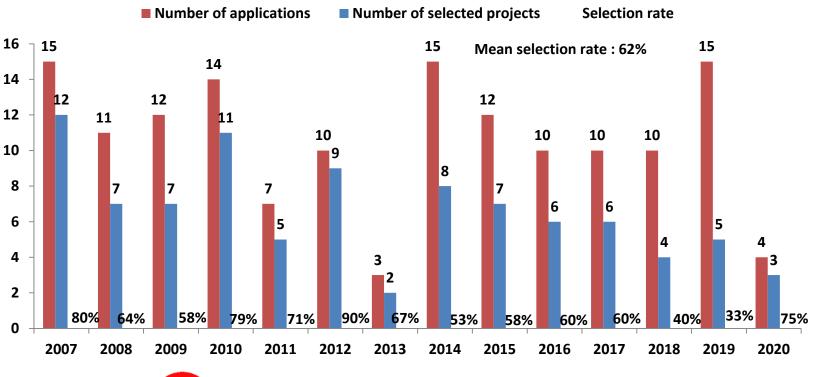
126 funded projects between 2002 and 2017, 75 valid email adresses



2002-2018 Key Points



NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS AND SELECTION RATE Average selection rate from 2007-2017: 62%





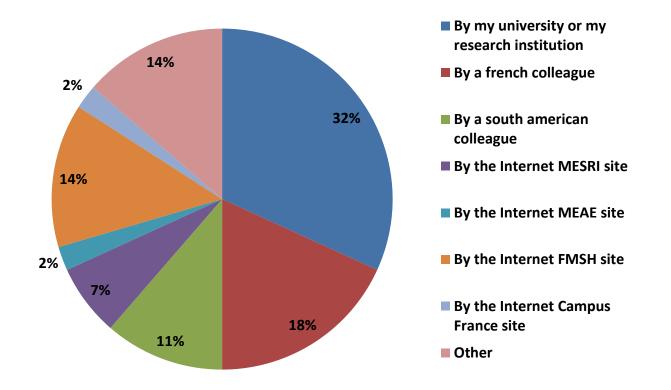
Small decrease in the number of applications since 2014

Number of selected projects 2002-2017 : 126 vs unknown number of applications Number of selected projects 2007-2020 : 92 vs 148 applications



BEFORE THE PREFALC PROJECT (1/2)

How did you get the information about the PREFALC program ?



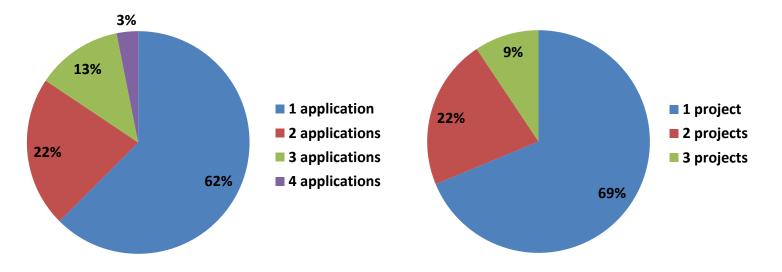
Data from 32 responses



BEFORE THE PREFALC PROJECT (2/2)

How many applications have you submitted for a PREFALC project ?

How many PREFALC projects have you coordinated ?

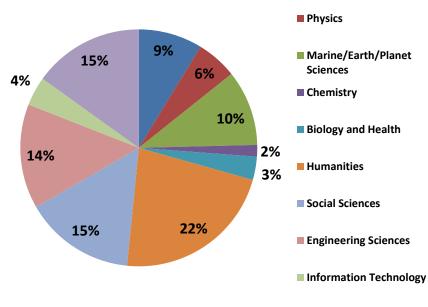


Data from 32 responses



SCIENTIFIC DOMAINS OF PROJECTS

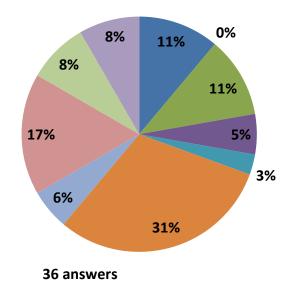
Data from FMSH



Agronomy/ecology

Mathematics

Data from the survey



126 funded projects

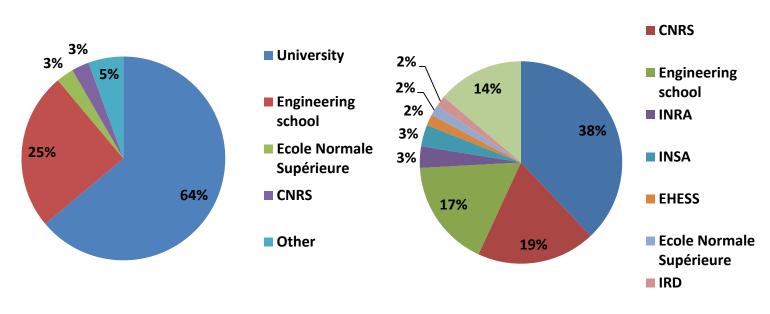


36 responses

FRENCH PARTICIPATING INSTITUTIONS

PI's employers

Laboratories authorities



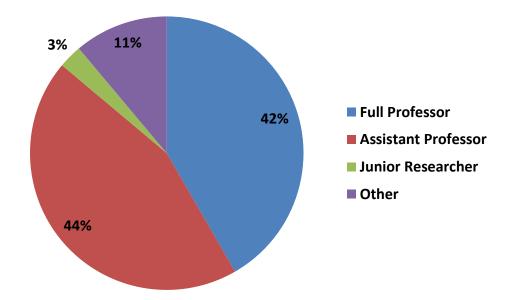
Other

University



FRENCH PIS (PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS) : STATUS

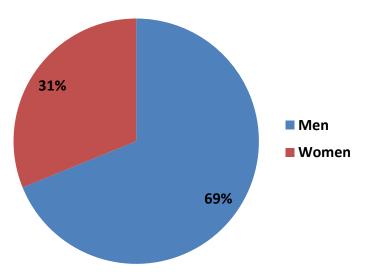
Professional status (at the beginning of the project)



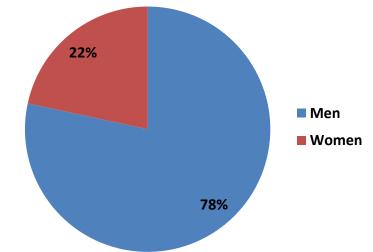


IMPLICATION OF WOMEN (FRANCE)

All selected projects (122)

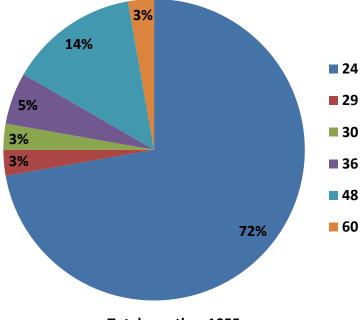


From the survey (36)





DURATION OF THE PROJECT (MONTHS)



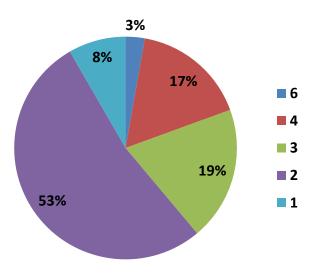
Total months : 1055



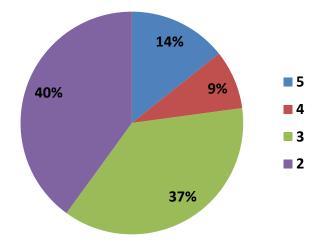
Data from 36 responses

NUMBER OF PARTNERS PER PROJECT

Total number of french partners Total number of latin american and/or caribean partners



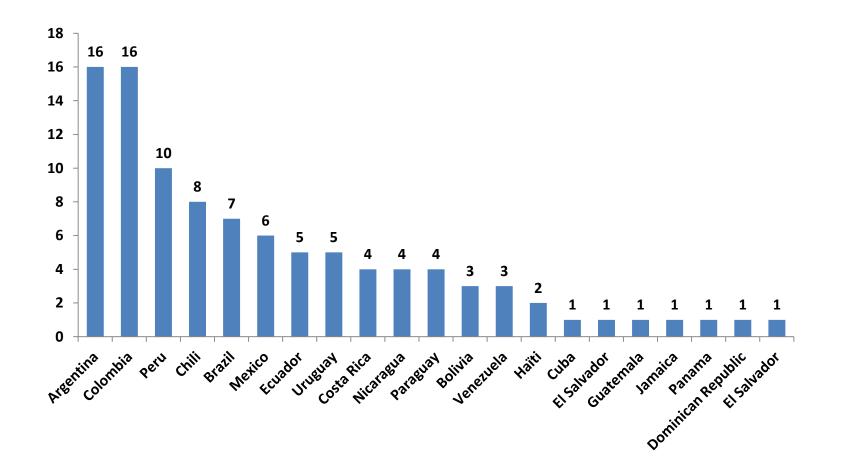
Data from 36 responses



Data from 35 responses



DISTRIBUTION OF PARTNER COUNTRIES



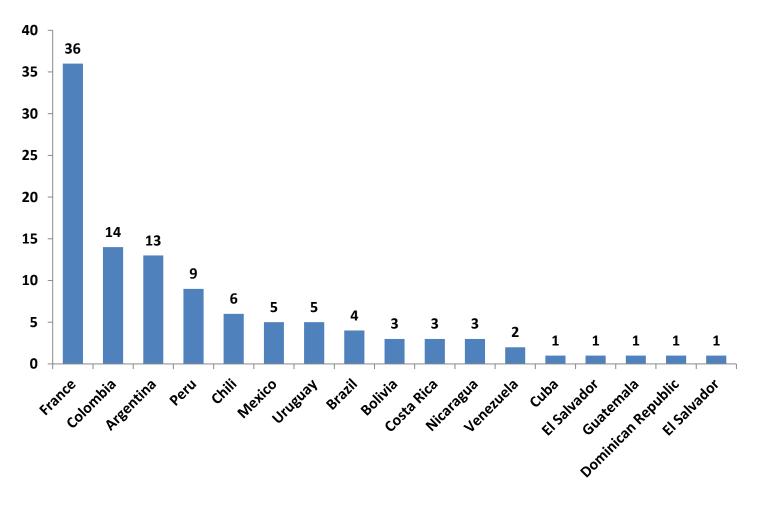




http://www.enseignementsup-recherche.gouv.fr

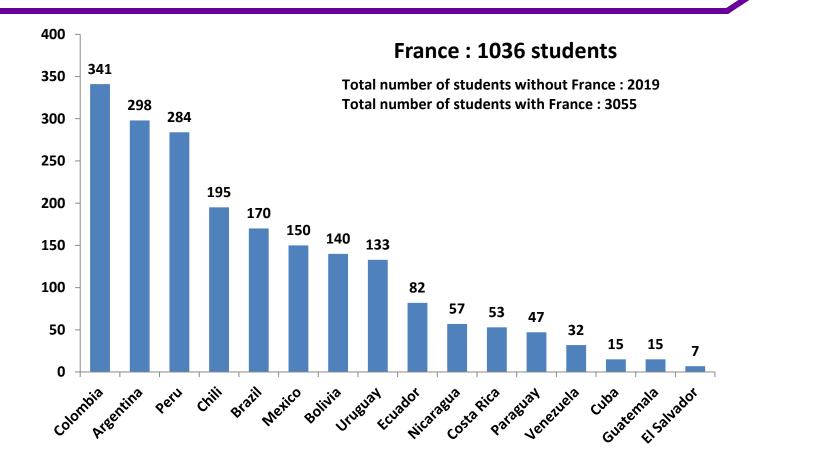


LOCATION OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS





NUMBER OF STUDENTS PER COUNTRY



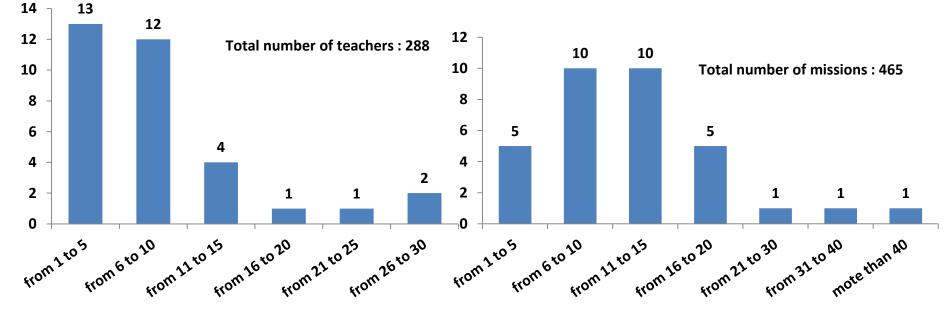
On average per project 122 french students and 238 LAC students are concerned by PREFALC



TEACHING MOBILITY

Number of teachers in mobility per project

Number of missions abroad per project



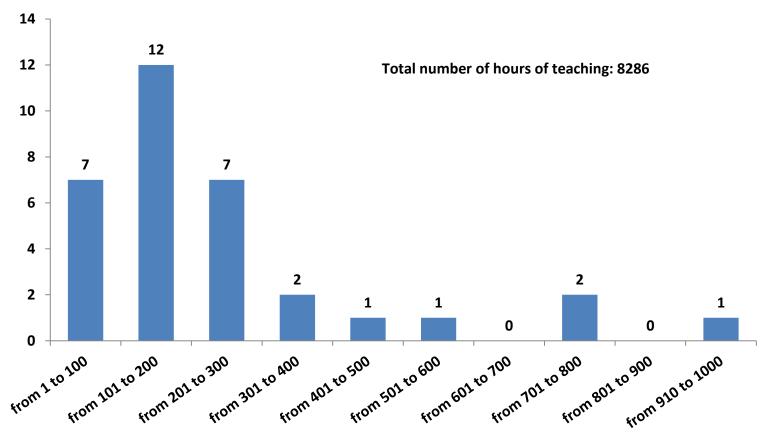
On average 8 teachers in mobility per project and 17 teachers in mobility per year

> Lind - Egala - Franzia Riffondiger Franzia

On average 13 missions per project and 27 missions per year

TEACHING HOURS

Number of hours of teaching per project



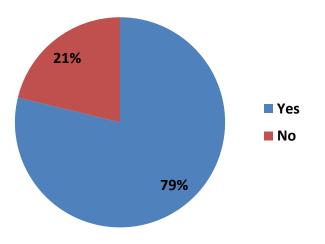
On average 975 hours of teaching per project

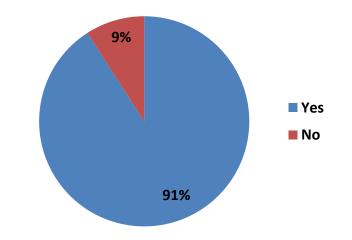


EDUCATION : COMPLEMENTARY INFORMATIONS

French validation of teaching units

Other activities besides teaching





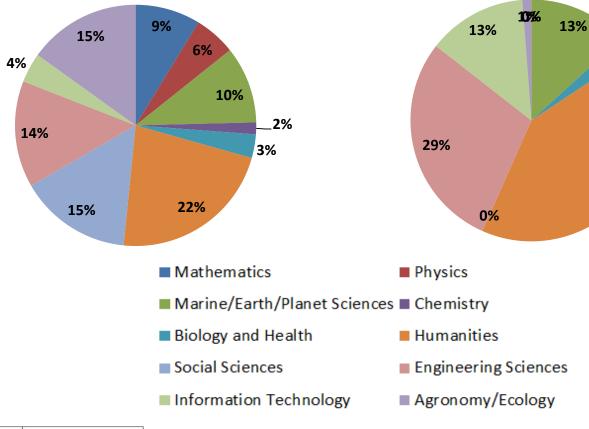


SCIENTIFIC PRODUCTION 2002-2018



SCIENTIFIC DOMAINS OF PROJECTS

Total number of funded projects : 126





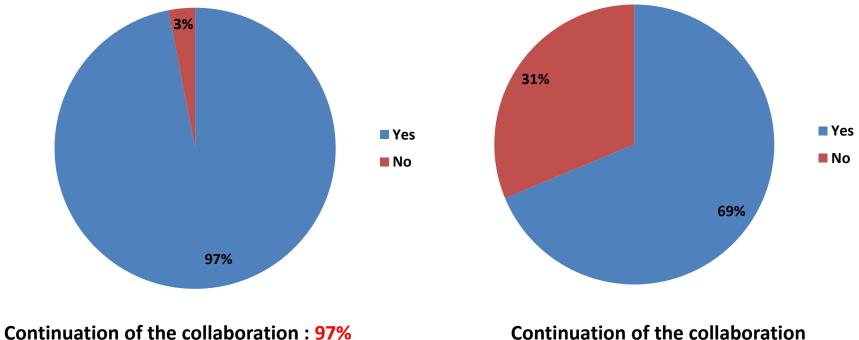
Percentage of copublications (36 responses)

41%

WHAT HAPPENS AFTER A PREFALC PROJECT ?



CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (1/5)



with other sources of subvention : 69%

Data from 33 responses (continuation) and 32 responses (financing)

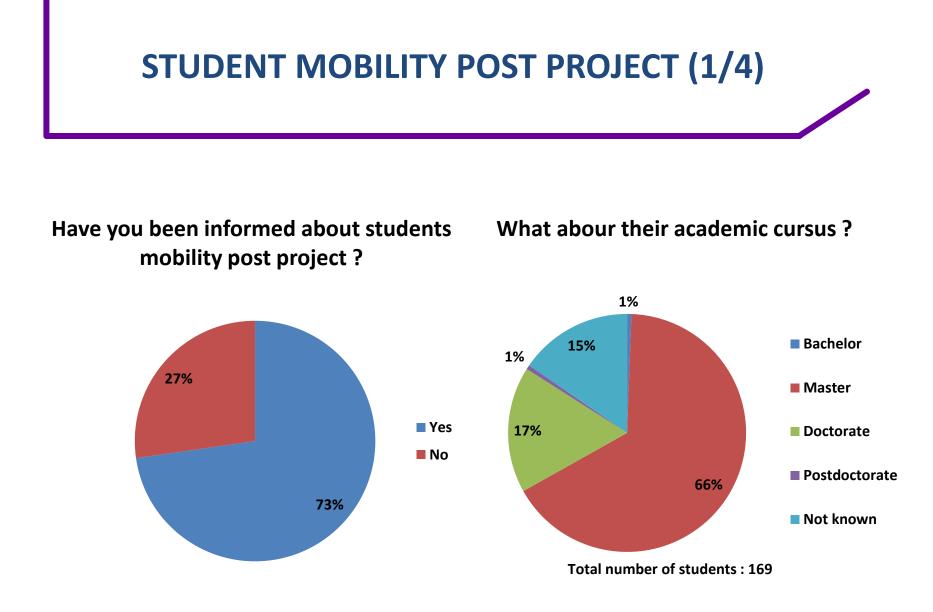


CONTINUATION OF THE COLLABORATION (2/5)

97% of the collaborations continued after the PREFALC project

Which activities?	
On-going of the agreement	28%
Initiation of a research program	23%
Master level education	14%
Master level education : joint diplomation	9%
Others	26%

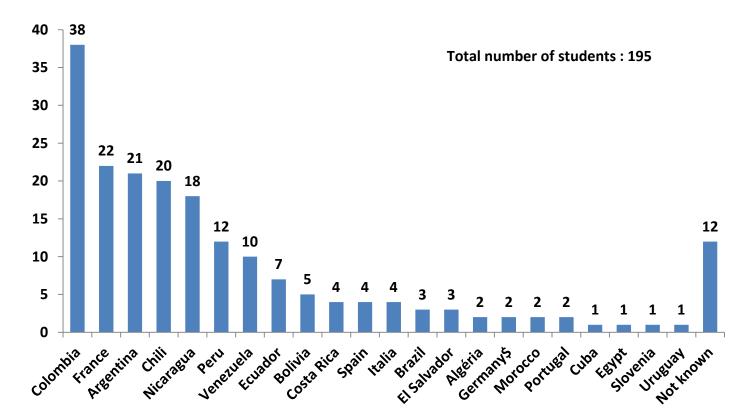






STUDENT MOBILITY POST PROJECT (2/4)

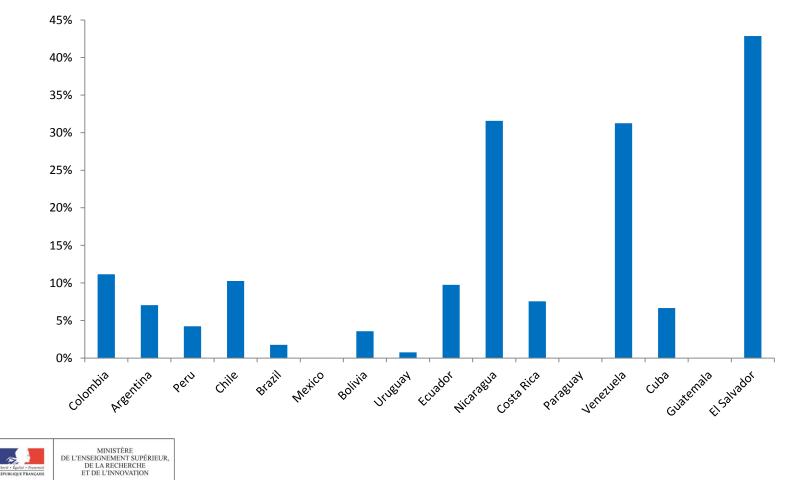
Student mobility post project : number of students per country





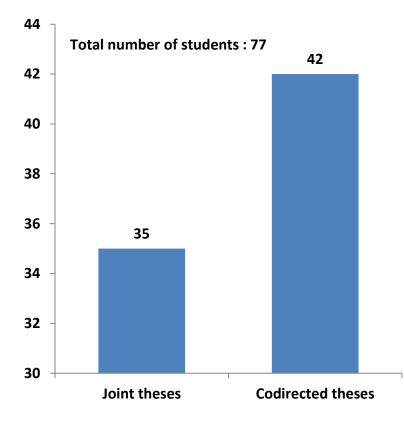
STUDENT MOBILITY POST PROJECT (3/4)

Student mobility post project : number of students in mobility post project relative to the number of students in the projects



STUDENT MOBILITY POST PROJECT (4/4)

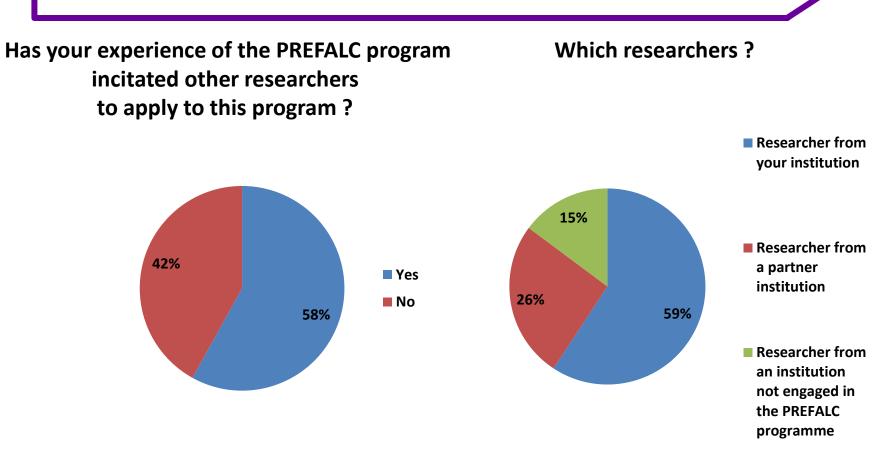
How many joint or codirected theses post project ?



On average 9 theses per project



WIDENING OF THE PROGRAM



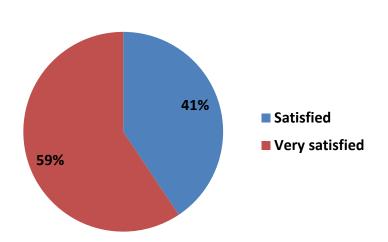
Data from 31 responses

Data from 27 responses



GENERAL OPINION OF FRENCH PIS ON THE PROGRAM (1/3)

100% of French principal investigators are satisfied





Data from 32 responses



GENERAL OPINION OF FRENCH PIS ON THE PROGRAM (2/3) POSITIVE COMMENTS



SURVEY OF 32 FUNDED PROJECTS

Strengths of this program	Number of occurencies (out of 205)	% (out of 32)
Allows an international scientific collaboration	29	81%
Allows the mobility of the researchers	23	64%
Allows a knowledge of the country partner	23	64%
Simplicity of the application process	21	58%
Easy implementation (administrative flexibility)	20	56%
Sufficiently long duration of the projects	15	42%
Allows exchanges which allow a scientific production	14	39%
Allows the training of the young researchers	14	39%
Is used as starting for raising other funds	12	33%
Good scientific appreciation compared to the financial investment	12	33%
Financial means sufficient for the expenditure of mobility	11	31%
Transparency of the methods for selecting the projects	5	14%
Others	6	17%
Total number of occurencies	205	



GENERAL OPINION OF FRENCH PIS ON THE PROGRAM (3/3) NEGATIVE COMMENTS



SURVEY OF 32 FUNDED PROJECTS

Weaknesses of this program	Number of occurencies (out of 88)	% (out of 53)
No funding of the operation and capital expenditures	17	47%
Difficult perpetuation of collaboration	15	42%
Financial means insufficient for the expenditure of mobility (transport)	14	39%
Financial means insufficient for the expenditure of mobility (per diem)	14	39%
Too short duration of the projects	12	33%
Administrative heaviness of the missions management	5	14%
Insufficient communication on the evaluation's results	4	11%
Lack of transparency on the methods of projects selection	2	6%
Heaviness of the process of applications	0	0%
Other	5	14%
Number of occurencies	88	



PRELIMINARY CONCLUSIONS

Preliminary conclusions suggest that the funding scheme has efficiently contributed to create (or to maintain) fruitful and long-term educational cooperation between France and latino-american and/or caribean partners



High number of students involved in the program High number of mobilities Set up of joint formations Scientific impact and performant number of co-publications High rate of continuation of collaborations



Low number of applications Decrease in the number of applications Generous rate of selection



PRELIMINARY RECOMMENDATIONS

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Improve the communication for the call for offer
- Better define the different scientific domains in order to reduce the heterogenity
- Adapt the amount of fundings
- Open the support to other actions such as lessons, seminars, internet trainings...



French national ministries (MESRI / MEAE) will provide a complete analysis of the survey. It will be sent to the recipients of the funding and participants in this symposium.

CONTACTS

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Thank you for your attention

